

Quarterly Labour Force Survey Q4:2019

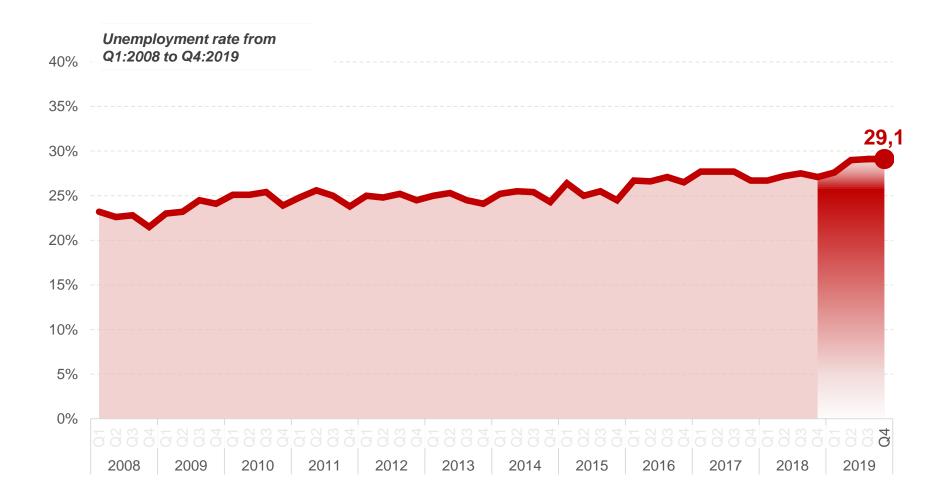
### Risenga Maluleke Statistician-General

**#**StatsSA





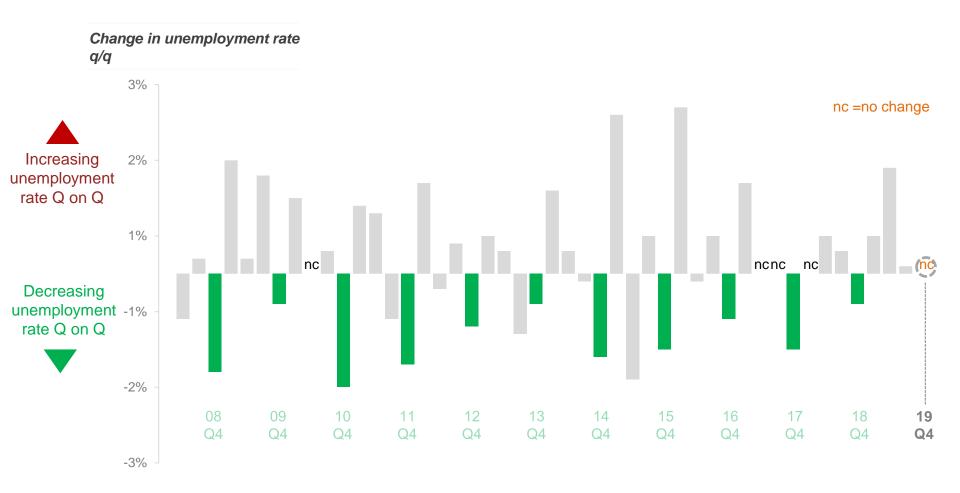
## South Africa's unemployment rate remained unchanged at 29,1% in Q4:2019 compared to Q3:2019.







There was no change recorded in the unemployment rate between Q3:2019 and Q4:2019. This is the first time since 2008 that the unemployment rate has not decreased in the 4th quarter.

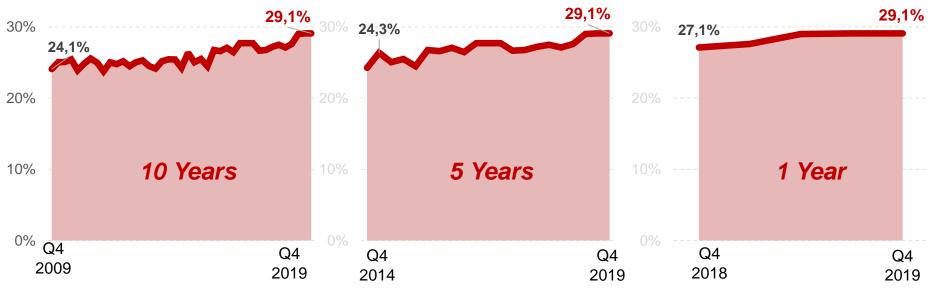






The unemployment rate has increased over time. Between Q3:2019 and Q4:2019, unemployment rate remained unchanged.

Unemployment rate from Q4:2009 to Q4:2019



Unemployment rate increased by **5,0 percentage points** between Q4:2009 and Q4:2019

Unemployment increased by **4,8** percentage points from 24,3% in Q4:2014 to 29,1% in Q4:2019 Unemployment rate increased by **2,0 percentage points** compared to the same period last year



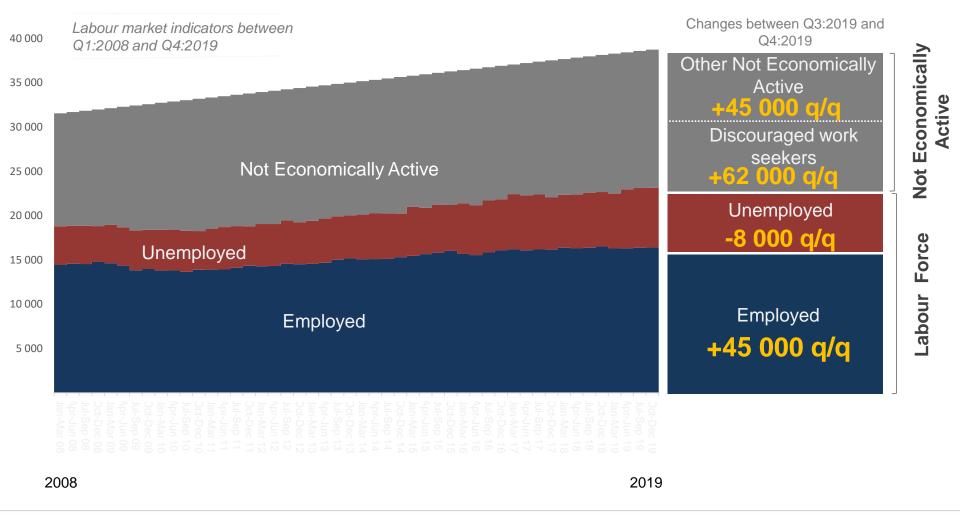
#### The working age population (15-64 years) in Q4:2019 was 38,7 million

| <b>38,7 million</b><br>People of working age in South Africa (15 – 64 - year olds) |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Labour force<br>23,1 million   |   | Not Economically Active 15,6 million    |  |
| Employed<br>16,4 M   | Unemployed $6,7$ M  | Discouraged Z <b>,5</b><br>work seekers | Other NEA<br>12,7м   |
|  | South Africa's official<br>unemployment rate<br>stands at<br><b>29,1%</b><br>remained unchanged<br>between<br>Q3:2019 and Q4:2019 |   | hierarchy – Employed first then unemployed<br>the remainder is NEA (including discouraged<br>job-seekers). 3 mutually exclusive groups.<br>Cannot be in two groups at the same time. |





### The working age population (15 – 64 years) increased by 145 000 people between Q3:2019 and Q4:2019









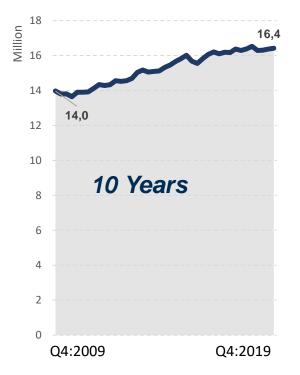
# EMPLOYMENT & LABOUR MARKET RATES



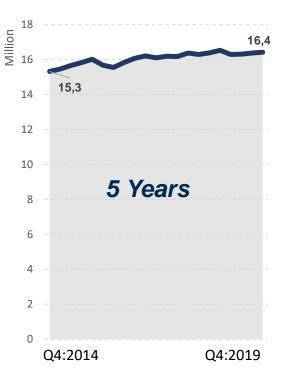


## The number of employed persons increased by 45 000 to 16,4 million between Q3:2019 and Q4:2019

Number of employed From Q4:2009 to Q4:2019



The number of employed people increased by **2,4 million** from **14,0** million in Q4:2009 to **16,4 million** in Q4:2019



The number of employed people increased by **1,1 million** from **15,3** million in Q4:2014 to **16,4 million** in Q4:2019

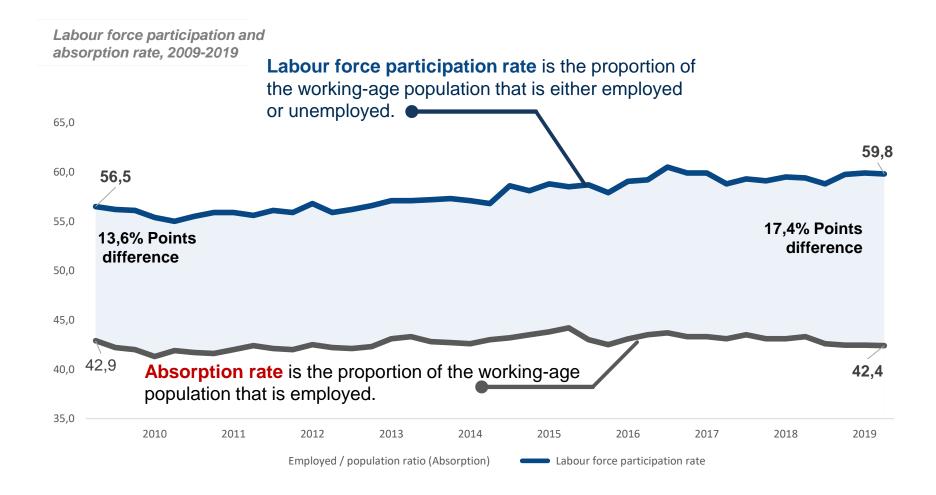


decreased by **108 000** from **16,529** million in Q4:2018 to **16,420** million in Q4:2019





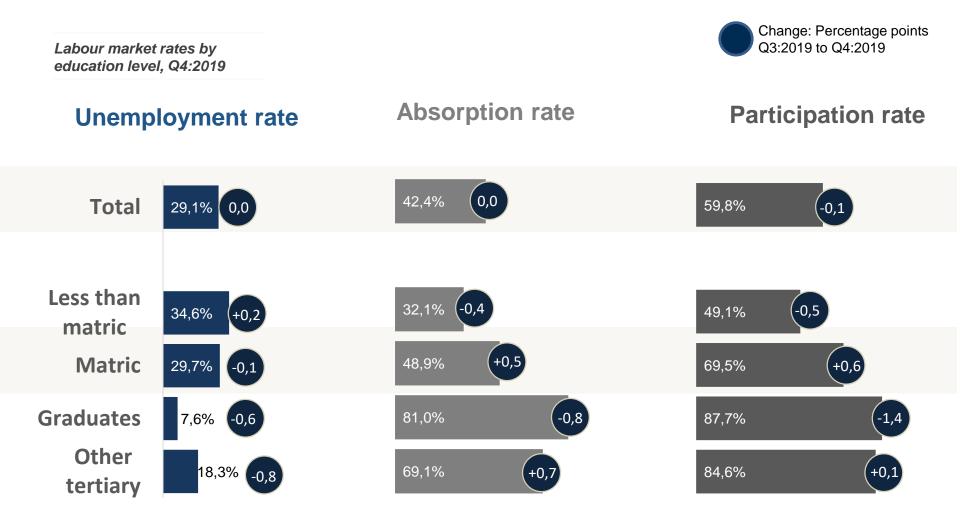
## The Labour force participation rate increased by 3,3 percentage points from 56,5% in Q4:2009 to 59,8% in Q4:2019







#### Labour market rates vary significantly depending on education level







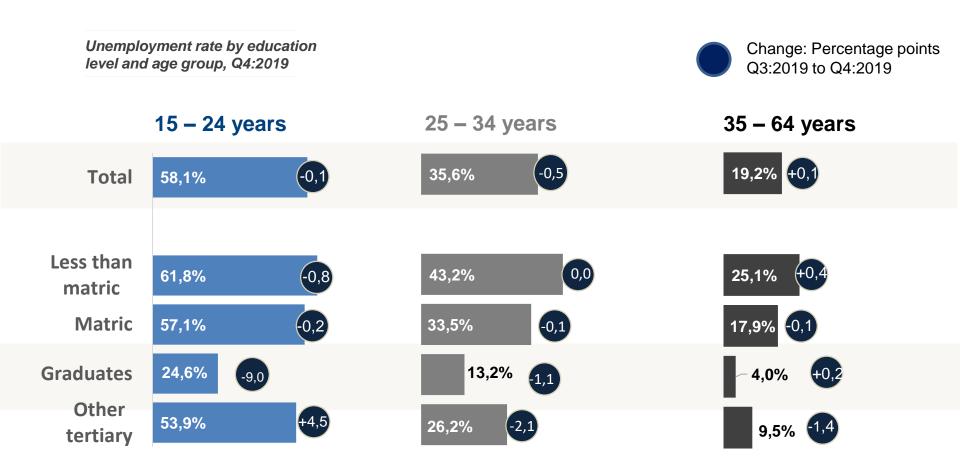
The unemployment rate for those aged 25-34 (35,6%) is more than double that of the 45-54 (17,5%) year olds.







The unemployment rate among the youth is higher irrespective of education level.









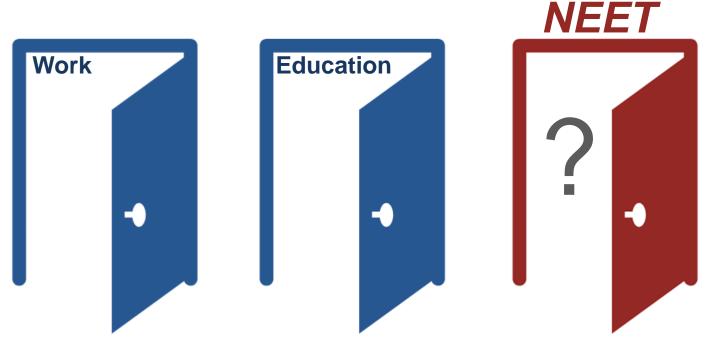
Q4:2019

## PROFILE OF THOSE NOT IN EMPLOYMENT, EDUCATION OR TRAINING (NEET)





### Not in employment, education or training (NEET)



Those young people (15-34 years) who are categorised as NEET are considered to be *disengaged* from both work and education.

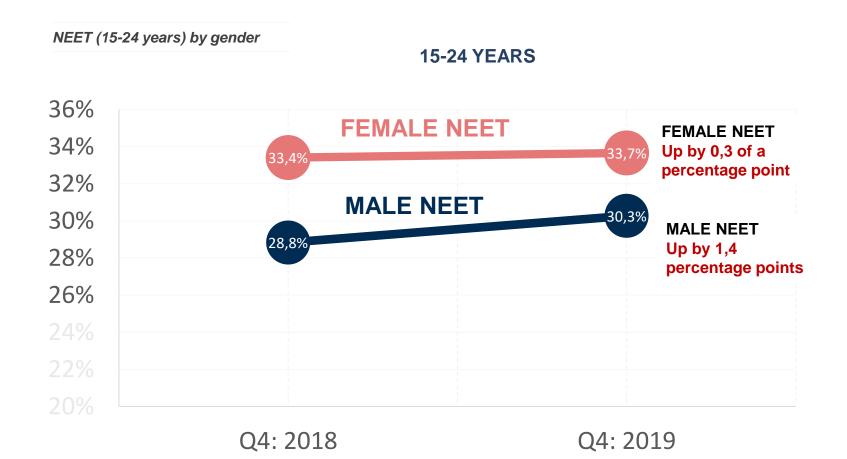
Youth NEET rate is calculated as the total number of youth who are NEET as a proportion of the total youth-specific working-age population







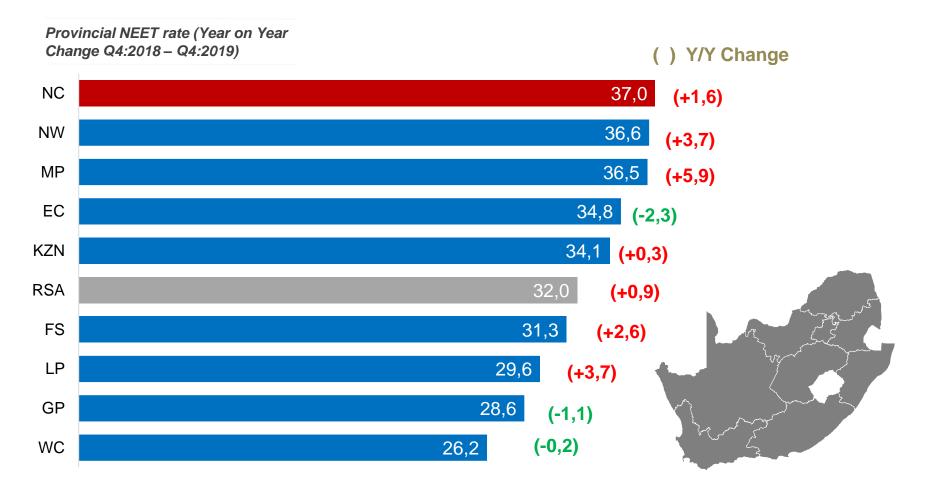
Approximately 3,3 million (32,0%) out of 10,3 million young people aged 15-24 years were not in employment, education or training (NEET). The overall NEET rate increased by 0,9 of a percentage point in Q4:2019 compared to Q4:2018.







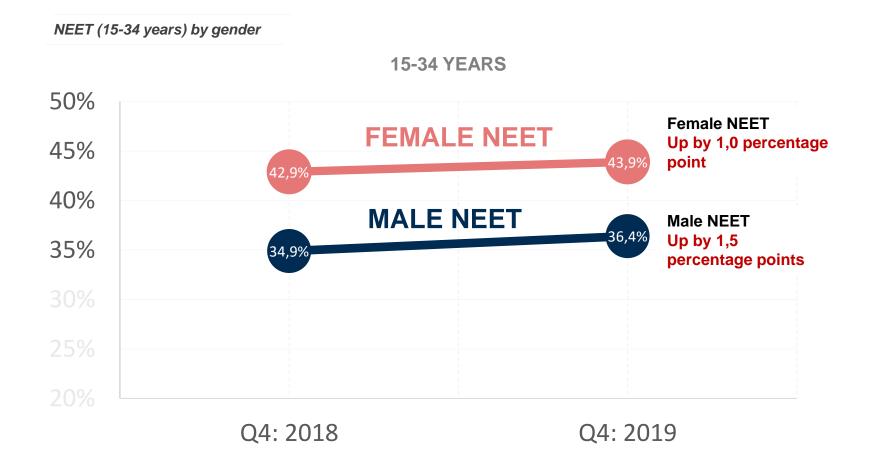
### NC recorded the highest rate of young people aged 15-24 years not in employment, education or training in Q4:2019.







Approximately 8,2 million (40,1%) out of 20,4 million young people aged 15-34 years were not in employment, education or training (NEET). The overall NEET rate increased by 1,2 percentage points y/y.

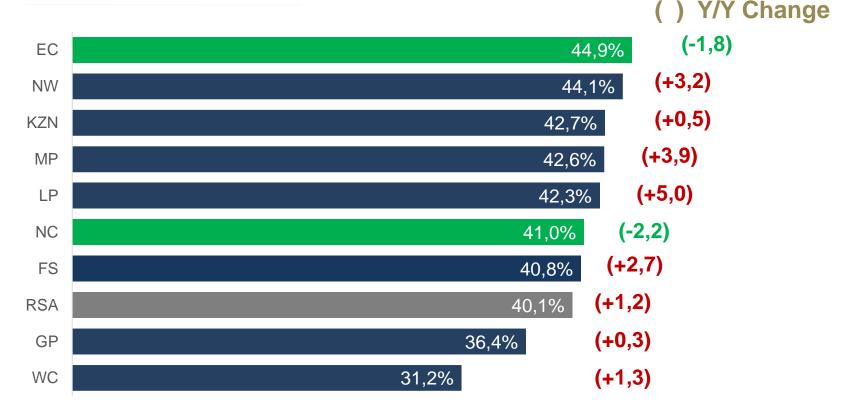






**GP and WC recorded the lowest NEET rate of young people aged 15-34 years, below the national average (40,1%).** The rate increased in all provinces with the exception of EC and NC.

Provincial NEET rate (Year –on – Year Change Q4:2018 – Q4:2019)







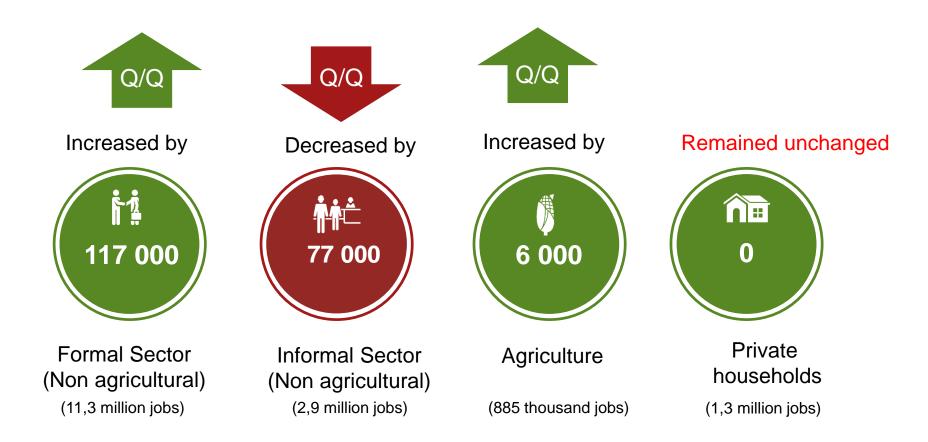


# EMPLOYMENT





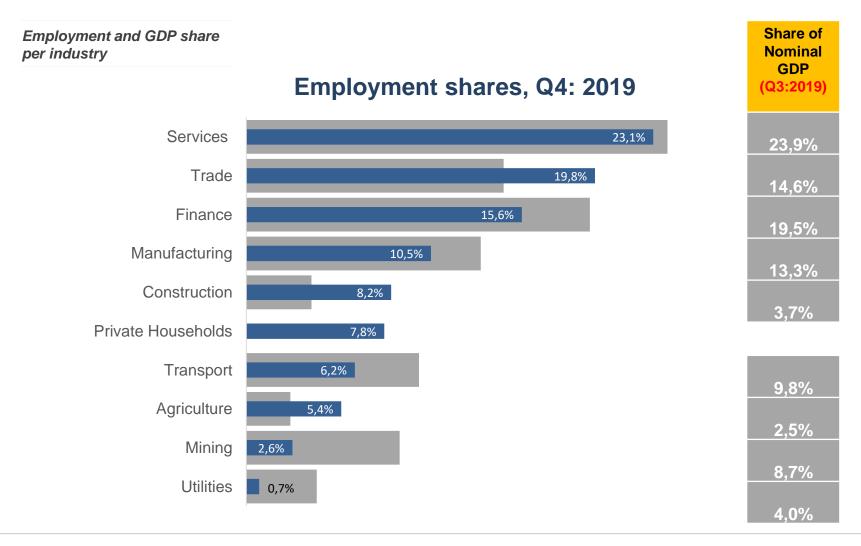
The number of persons employed increased by 45 000 in Q4:2019 to 16,4 million q/q.







## Trade, construction and agriculture have higher employment shares relative to their GDP contribution.



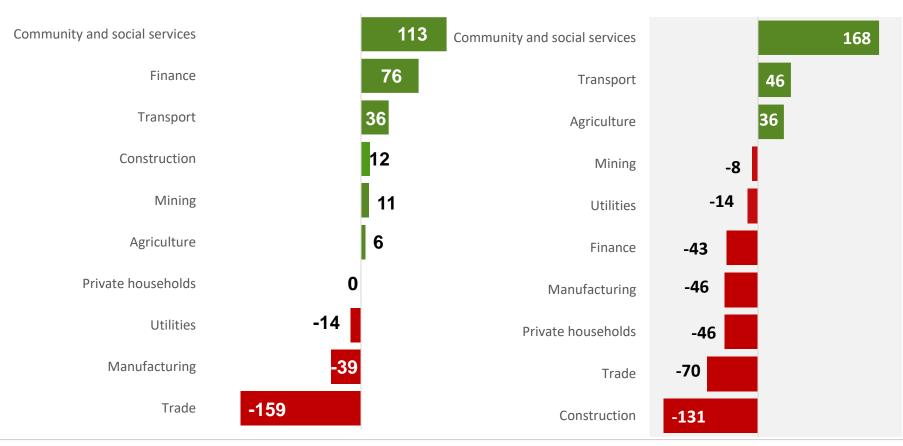




### Employment gains were observed in Services, Finance, Transport and Construction (q/q). Largest declines were observed in Manufacturing and Trade.

Employment changes by industry

#### Quarter-on-quarter change ('000)

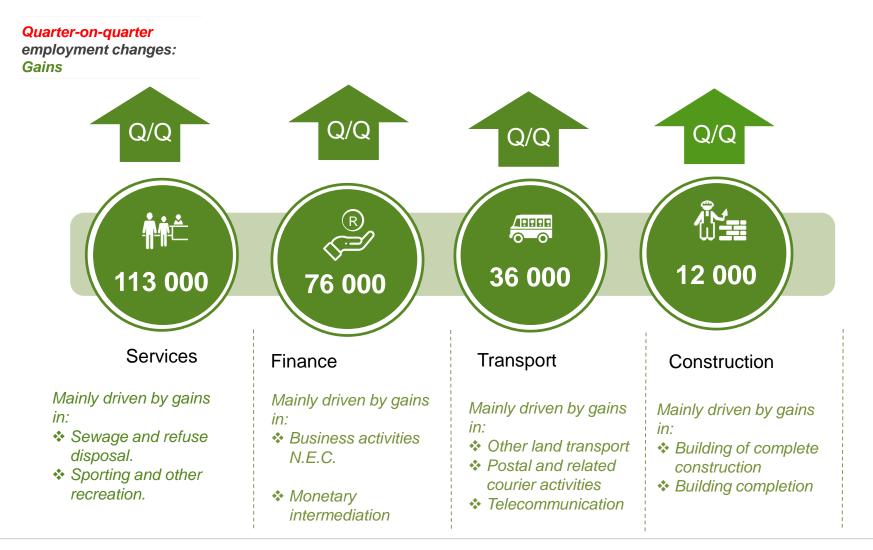








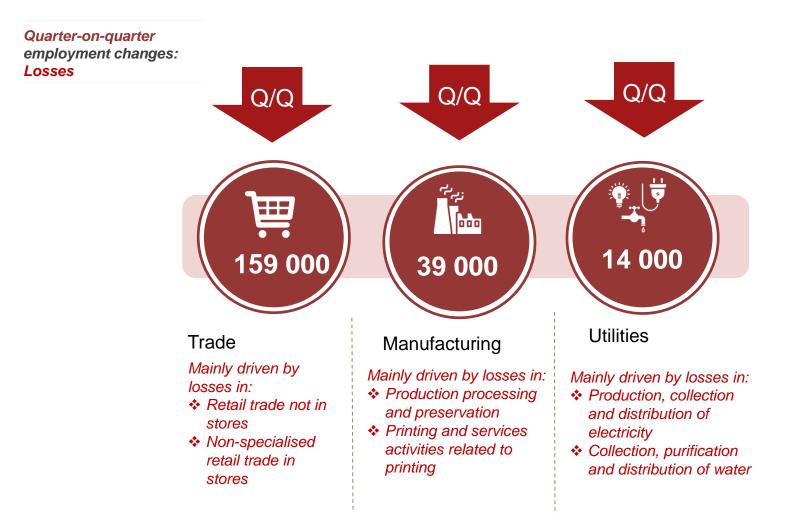
Employment gains were mainly driven by Services (113 000), Finance (76 000), Transport (36 000) and Construction (12 000).







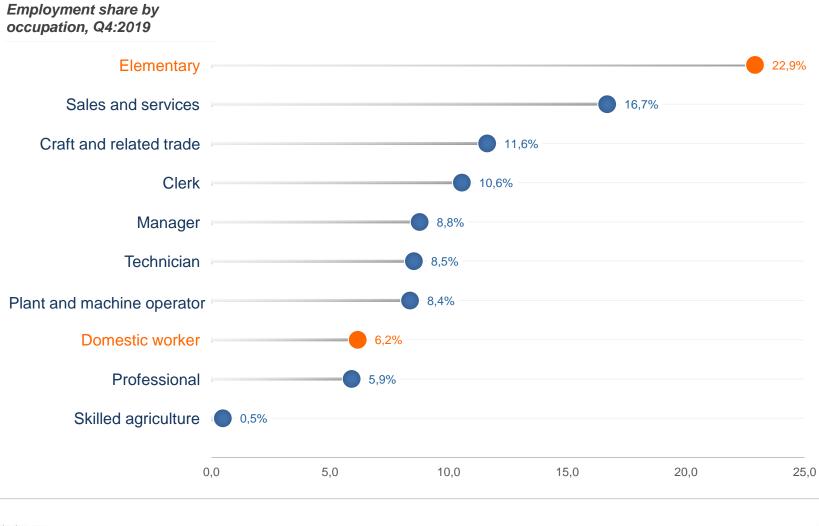
#### Employment losses were mainly driven by Trade, Manufacturing and Utilities.







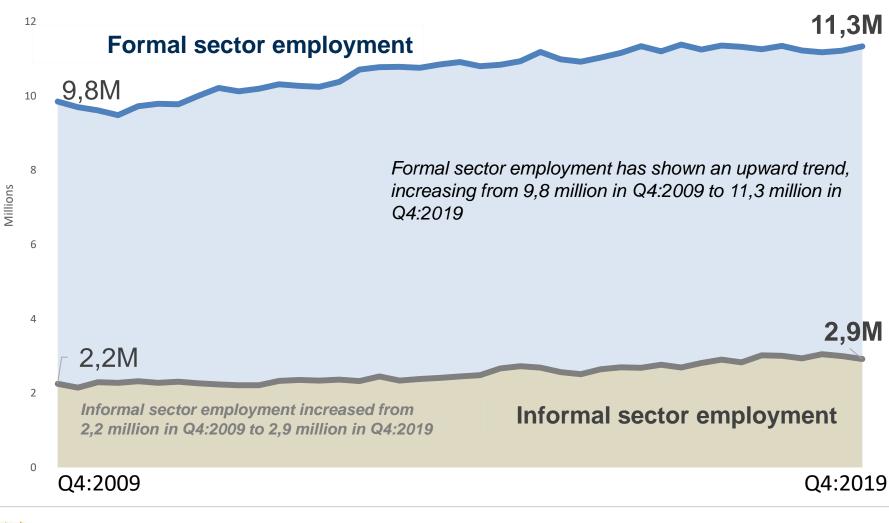
## Close to a third (29,1%) of all people employed in Q4:2019 were employed in elementary and domestic work occupations.







#### The formal sector in South Africa accounts for 69,0% of total employment.









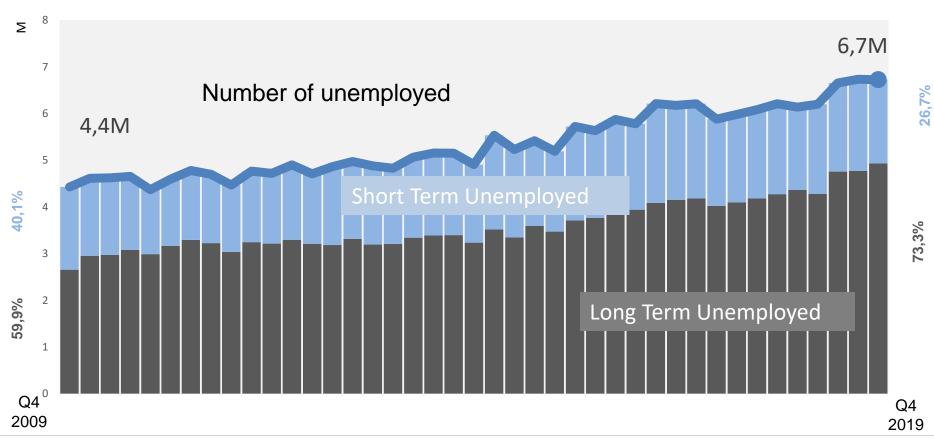
# UNEMPLOYMENT





The number of unemployed people in South Africa increased from 4,4 million in Q4:2009 to 6,7 million in Q4:2019. The proportion of those in long-term unemployment increased from 59,9% in Q4:2009 to 73,3% in Q4:2019

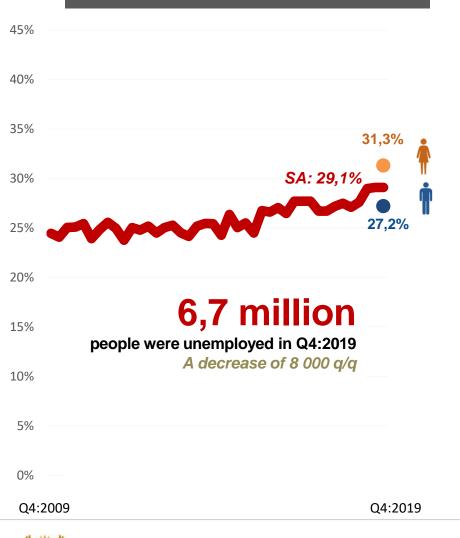
Number of unemployed for one year or longer



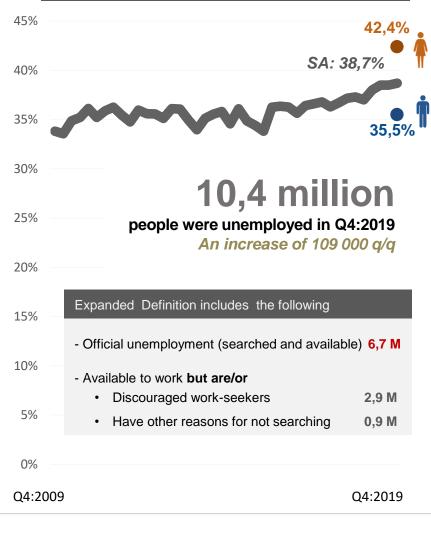




#### Official Unemployment Rate **29,1%** (Remained unchanged Q/Q)



### **Expanded Unemployment Rate 38,7%** (+0,2 % Point Change Q/Q)



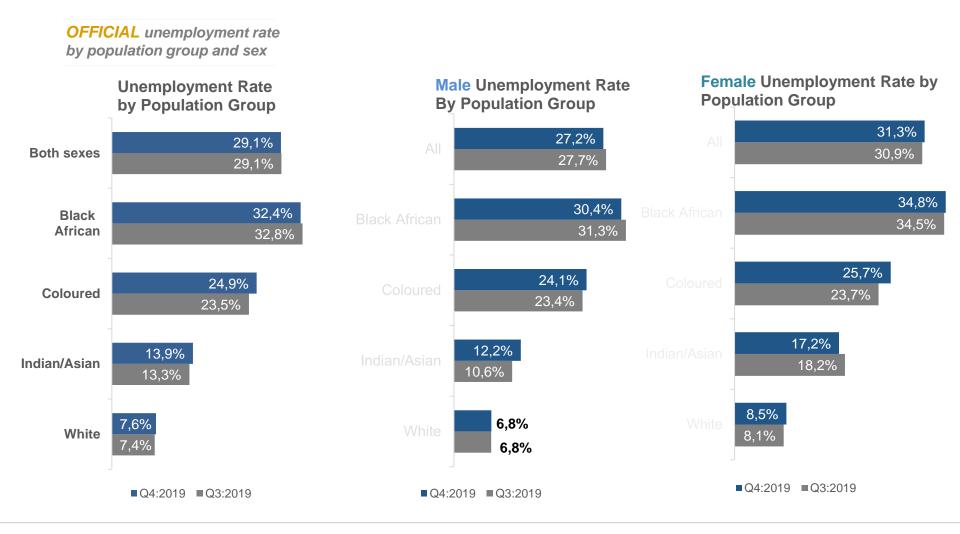


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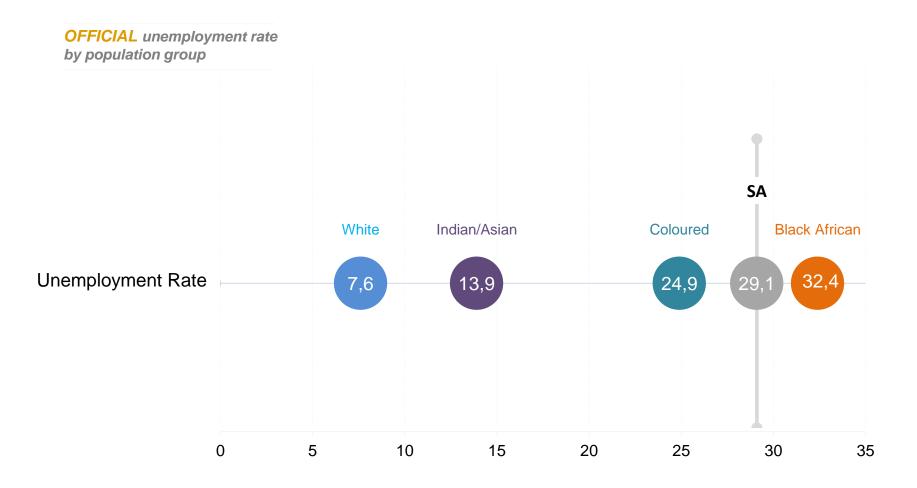
#### Black African women are the most vulnerable with an unemployment rate of over 30%.







Unemployment amongst the Black African population group remains higher than the national average and other population groups.

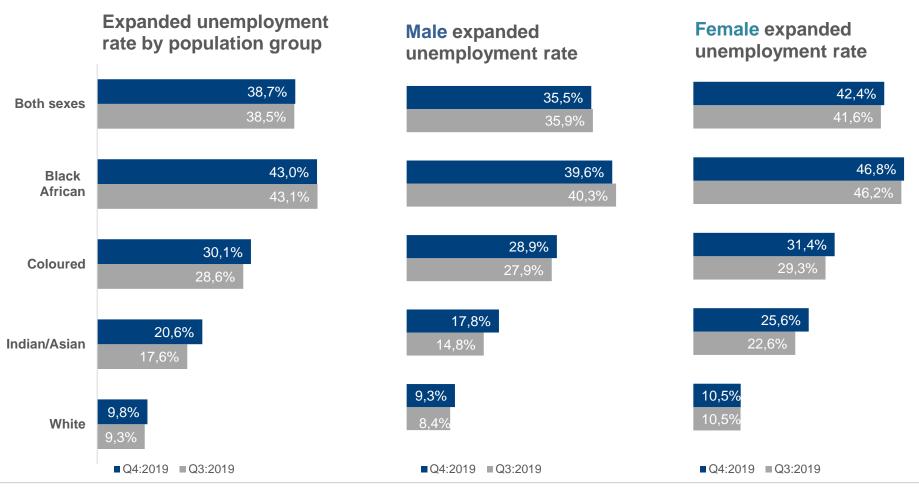






### Irrespective of gender, the black African and coloured population groups remain vulnerable in the labour market

**EXPANDED** unemployment rate by population group and gender







**EC recorded the highest official and expanded unemployment rates.** *LP, KZN and NW provinces all have more than 14 % points difference between their expanded and official unemployment rates* 

Provincial unemployment rate: Official vs Expanded Q4:2019 Official **Expanded** EC 39,5% 47,7% FS 35,0% 42,3% MP 33,6% 43,8% GP 35,3% 30,8% RSA 29,1% 38,7% NW 28,8% 43,0% 14,2% points difference NC 26,9% 12,3% points difference 39,2% 16,9% points difference KZN 25,0% 41,9% LP 23,1% 20,9% points difference 44,0% WC 20,9% 24,1%



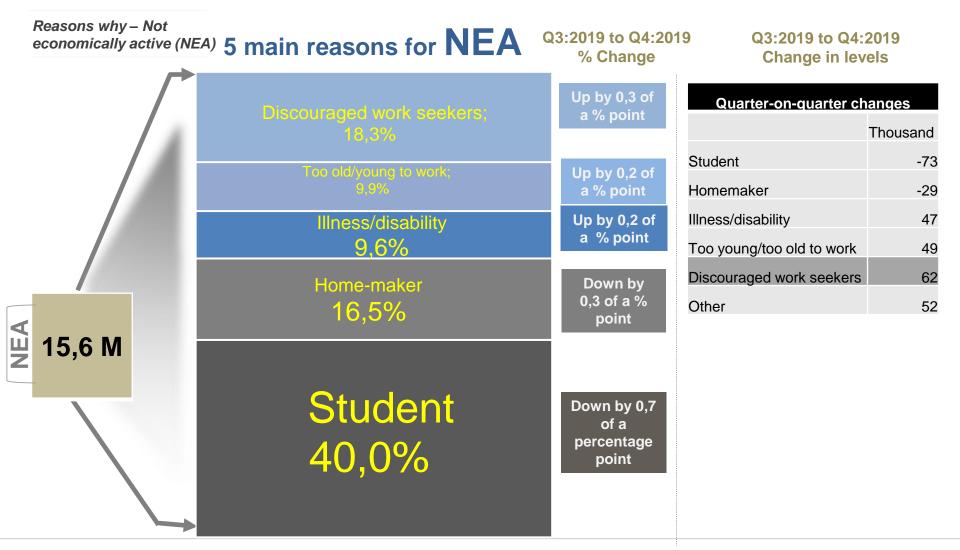


## UNDERSTANDING NON-ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE (NEA)





## **15,6 million people aged 15 – 64 years were not economically active.** This is an increase of 107 000 q/q

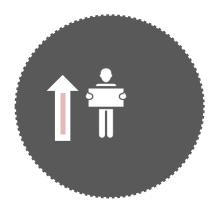






### **Recap** Q4:2019

#### UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



Unemployment rate (29,1%) and Absorption rate (42,4%) remained unchanged

Labour force participation rate decreased by 0,1 of a percentage point

#### EMPLOYMENT GAINS



Employment gains were recorded mainly in **Services (113 000)**, Finance (76 000) and Transport (36 000).

**EMPLOYMENT** 

LOSSES

Largest employment losses were observed in **Trade (159 000)**, Manufacturing (39 000) and Utilities (14 000)



YOUTH



Of the 10,3 million persons aged 15-24 years, **32,0%** were not in employment, education or training.









# Ndzi hela kwala!



